## **CEP Example Captions**

These are examples of good, descriptive captions that tell a story. This is what the author provided, before editing, but only minimal editing was needed.

- Figure 1. The main steps in the production of lignocellulosic biofuel are material handling, pretreatment and liquid/solid separation, hydrolysis and liquefaction, fermentation, and product recovery via distillation and evaporation.
- Figure 2. This plant in Valdivia Chile operates two parallel lines log debarking 6600 tons per day.
- Figure 3. The world's largest wood processing facility, located in China, operates 4 lines of wood chippers similar to the one pictured here for a total production of 11,300 tons per day.
- Figure 4. Outside feedstock storage and reclaim for the world's largest wood processing facility is open to weather, biodegradation and contamination.
- Figure 5. The world's largest chip screening facility located in China, screens for oversize, undersize and overthick at a rate of 11,300 tons per day.
- Figure 6. Truck dumpers efficiently unload complete trailers of high density feedstock in a few minutes.
- Figure 7. This horizontal feed multi-purpose hog crushes stumps, trimmings and demolition waste for a biomass boiler.
- Figure 8. Miscanthus grass can grow up to 13 feet tall and is harvested and baled similar to conventional straw. Photos courtesy of Steven Long, Univ. of Illinois.
- Figure 9. Switchgrass is another annual crop being studied as a feedstock for biofuel. Photos courtesy of Steve Flick, ShowMe Energy Cooperative.
- Figure 10. Bagasse feedstock is stored in huge piles for a commercial fiberboard plant in India.
- Figure 11. The discharge of a bagasse reclaim bin in India uses a rake conveyor to insure the low density feedstock doesn't bridge.
- Figure 12. Storage bins for low density feedstocks use moving floors and low height to width ratios.
- Figure 13. This doffing roll discharge works together with the moving floor to meter low density feedstock from storage.
- Figure 14. This modular screw device (MSD) installed in Brazil, resizes 700 tons per day of feedstock as it forms discharge pressure plug.
- Figure 15. This plug screw feeder in Germany is almost 1 meter in diameter and processes 1550 tons per day of feedstock.
- Figure 16. A rotary valve in Brazil operates at 700 TPD to form a pressure plug with no change to the feedstock size or moisture.
- Figure 17. A single-stage pre-treatment process has one reaction step that may be followed by washing.
- Figure 18. Vertical reactors are more economical for large production rates. This wood chip reactor in Brazil operates at 6000 tons per day.
- Figure 19. Reactors may be simple plug flow devices or contain multiple injection and extraction capabilities like this 6000 TPD pressurized reactor in Uruguay.
- Figure 20. Horizontal reactors work well for lower production or more precise reaction conditions.